THIS IS ENOUGH!

The Story of the Maine Tragedy Very Well Told

BY CONSUL GENERAL LEE

Who Appeared Before the Senate Committee.

FIENDISH CONSPIRACY

That Resulted in the Cowardly Murder of 266 American Seamen, and the Destruction of a Magnificent Battleship Some Facts About the "Explosion" and the Cuban Insurgents That Were not Made Public-Weyler Implicated. Spain Can Never Conquerthe Cubans.

WASHINGTON, April 14.-The testimony taken before the senate committee on foreign relations in connection with the investigation in the relations of the United States and Cuba was made public to-day. It constitutes a book of about 650 pages and includes not only the testimony taken since the disaster to the Maine, but also much that was taken before and running back for a year or more.

greatest current interest is that made by Consul General Lee on the 12th instant. In this statement, General Lec ild that he was informed on very good authority that the Spaniards had placed ows of torpedoes just at the mouth vo rows of torpedoes just at the mouth the Havana harbor by Morro Castle lithin the past two months, or subsequent to the Maine disaster, and that it switch-board is in a room in the case. He said, however, that he had no formation of the placing of any torpedes before the Maine was destroyed, and none in regard to the purchase broad by the Spanish authorities. "Have you any reason to suppose that its harbor was mined at all before the owing up of the Maine?" asked Senar Frye.

tor Frye.
"No sir; I had no reason to suspect anything of that sort up to that time."
He then went on to say that General Weyler's letter to Santos Guzman had led him to believe that mines might have been placed there previous to the Matne incident, and he said that this supposition was sirengthened by a telegram from General Weyler, of which he had cognizance. Upon the whole he gram from General Weyler, of which he had cognizance. Upon the whole he thought the Weyler letter (the Laine letter) was a correct copy of a genuine letter. The telegram to which he referred was addressed to Eva Canal, a noted Spanish woman, and an admirer than the second se of Weyler's, and to Senor Guzman, and it read as follows: Grave cirmustances cause me to ask

you to destroy the last letter of Febru-General Lee said that this telegram

had never before been published and he found in it strong confirmatory evidence of the genuineness of the Weyler letter, The Responsibility.
With reference to the responsibility

for the destruction of the Maine, General Lee said: "I am satisfied the explosion was from the outside. I cabled the state department a few days after the board assembled that it was almost certerior. I have always had an idea about the Maine that, of course, it was not blown up by any private individual or by any nevate chilican but it was about by any private citizen, but it was blown up by some of the officers who had charge of the mines and electrical wires

up by some of the officers who had charge of the mines and electrical wires and torpedoes in the arsenal there who thoroughly understood their business for it was done remarkably well.

"I do not think General Blanco, the present captain and governor general of the Island of Cuba, had anything to do with it. I do not think he had any knowledge of it, I saw him just shouly after the occurrence. I was sitting in my room at the hotel and from the balcony I could hear this. I heard the explosion and saw a great column of fire go up in the air. A few moments after ascertaining that it was the Maine, I went right down to the palace and I asked for General Blanco. He came in directly by himself. He had just heard it, and was crying; tears were, coming out of his eyes. He seemed to regret it as much as anybody I saw in Havana; but I think it came from some of the subaltern officers who had been there under Weyler and who were probably anti-Blanco anyhow, end who had full knowledge of the business."

General Lee said that he had seen a cony of a telegram from Admiral Man-

knowledge of the business."

General Lee said that he had seen a copy of a telegram from Admiral Manterola, dated in Havana, prior to the explosion of the Maine, to the Spanish commission in London, asking the commission to "Hurry up the electrical cables." "Whether that referred to wire for sub-marine min's or torpedoce, I do not know," he continued. Why Evidence was Withheld.

"I tried to ascertain if any of the wire

or electrical cables had arrived there, but they came on Spanish ships and I but they came on Spanish ships and I could not find out." General Lee said that this testimony in rgard to Manterola, and also that with reference to the Weyler telegram, had been furnished to the court of inquiry which investigated the Maine disaster, but had not been sent to Congress nor published because of a request of his made to the state department not to make them public. "As I was afraid the Spanish papers would republish it, and they would probably kill the man that gave it to me."

me."
Continuing his testimony, General Lee said that ten minutes after the explosion he was at the palace talking to General Blanco and that the latter gave him an order for a bout to take him out into the author.

Sensies Merc.

rhor. Senator Morgan asked if, when he got the water's edge he saw any lights

Senator Morgan asked II, when he got to the water's edge he saw any lights burning.

"I did not notice that," said General Lee, "but I have made inquiries since and have sesertained that no electric light men and gas men. Some gas jels went out in one or two places, caused by the shock or something, but I could not ascertain from these men that a single electric light went out. One of the electric light men whom I called up, is a friend of mine, and he sent for the man who has direct charge of the lights, who came to my office. This man said he had not heard of any such thing. I said I wanted to know with certainty. The man then made an exploration of an hour or two and returned, saying that with the exception of one electric light near the harbor, and one at another place not very far distant, where he thought perhaps the lights might have gone out by the shock, no other electric lights went out."

"General Lee also said that he had not tell the shock of the explosion at his hotel.

The following colloquy between Sen-

hotel.

The following colloquy between Sen-ator. Foraker and General Lee brought out some further opinions of the gener-al in regard to the destruction of the

Maine:
Senator Foraker—You think that no novice could have destroyed the Maine?
Consul General Lee—Oh, no sir. The man who did that work was an officer thoroughly acquainted with explosives of all sorts, and who knew all about it. It was yery well done.
Senator Foraker—A man who had expert knowledge, necessarily?
Consul General Lee—Yes, sir.
Senator Clark—And who must have

had knowledge of the location of the Must Have Had Knowled

er been certain that the sub-marin explosive was placed there prior to the entrance of the Maine into the harbor. It might have been done afterwards, The Maine was anchored to a buoy by some little chains. A vessel swinging around that way some times gets at various places all around the circle. When she would swing off that way, with the tow next to the buoy and these boats plying about the harbor all the time are the little way. When she would swing off that way, with the bow next to the buoy and these boats plying about the harber all the time, anybody could go pretty well in front of her on a dark uight and drop one of these sub-marines of five hundred pounds. They have fingers, as it were, and as the boat goes around it would touch the finger, which makes contact and explodes the mine. That might have been done after the Maine got in there and not be discovered. One or two men rowing quietly in a boat could drop it off the stern of the boat on a dark night, though Sigabee had his patrols out. A boat would not have been noticed because boats go there always to a late hour of the night. The harbor is full of these little boats. A mine welghs about five hundred pounds and I suppose it would take two or three men—one man to row and probably three or four to handle the mine."
"In reply to a question from Senator Gray General Lee said that the Spanish population is not especially hostile towards the United States. The Spanish portion are principally the merchants, shop keepers and all this agitation is affecting very much their business. A great number of them are really annexationists, because they think it is the only way out of the trouble and they would much prefer annexation to the United States to a Cuban republic. As to the Cuban part of the population they are generally all for free Cuba. The condition of the reconcentrados out in the country is just as bad as in General Weyler's day. It has been relieved a good deal by supplies from the United States, but that has ceased now.

General Blanco published a proclamation, rescinding General Weyler's material weyler's day.

from the United States, but that has ceased now.
General Blanco published a proclamation, rescinding General Weyler's bando, as they call it there, but it has had no practical effect, for in the first place these people have no place to which to go: the houses have been burned down; ther is nothing but the bare land there, and it takes them two months before they can raise the first crop. In the next place they are afraid to go out from the lines of the towns because the roving bands of Spanish guerrillas, as they are called, would kill them. So they stick right in at the edges of towns just like they did, with nothing to eat except what they can get from charity. The Spanish have nothing to give.

Senator Lodge asked: "What does this cessation of hostilities spoken of in the last few days amount to?" To which General Lee responded: "Nothing:practically nothing—the armistice amounts to nothing."

to nothing." Gomer's Generalship

In response to an inquiry from Sena tor Frye as to his reasons for saying that the insurgents would pay no attention to the armistice, General Lee said:

"Because every attempt so far to make terms or to make peace or to buy the insurgents or their leaders has me with signal failure; and whatever may be said about old General Gomez, he is, in my humble opinion, fighting that wa: be said about old General Gomez, he is, in my humble opinion, fighting that war in the only way it can be done-scattering his troops out—because to concentrate would be to stave, having no commissary train and no way to get supplies. They come in some times for the purpose of making some little raid, where he thinks it will do something; but he has given orders, so I have always been informed, not to fight, not to become engaged, not to lose their cartridges; and some times when he gets into a fight each man is ordered not to fire more than two cartridges. When General Weyler was there he went out after him some times and they would move up a column and fire and some times flank the column, and they would move up a column and fire and some times flank the column, and the Spanish soldiers would deploy and throw out skirmishers, and the Cubans, like Indians, would scatter out. Then the Spanish troops would countermarch and go back to town, three men killed and ten or twelve wounded.

"Suppose Havana was blockaded," said Senator Mills, "so that no provisions could go in, would the people there have any way to get any?"

"None whatever," responded General Lee; "the town would surrender in a short while."

No Hope for Spain.

Senator Frye asked: "What, in your

No Hope for Spain. Senator Frye asked: "What, in your

judgment, is the probability of Spain conquering the insurgents and restor-

Consul General Lee-"I do not think there is the slightest possibility of thei doing it at all in any way. The same doing it at all in any way. The condition of things existed when Concluded of things existed when Mr. Cleveland asked me to go down there last June a year ago. I gave him a report three weeks after I got there, in which I told him there was to chance in my opinion, of the Spaniards ever suppressing that insurrection, nor was

If there is a history of weak lungs in your family, It nourishes and invigor-

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there any chance of the insurrectionists expelling the Spanish soldiers from the island.

there any chance of the insurrectionists expelling the Spanish soldiers from the island.

In response to an inquiry from Senator Lodge for his opinion of the insurgent provided for his opinion of the insurgent government, General Lee said:

"I have never-thought that the insurgents had anything except the skeleton form of a government—a movable capital, I asked them one day why they did not have some permanent capital, and I think they gave a very good reason. They said it would require a large force to protect it and defend it, and they could not afford to mass up their men there; that the capital and the government officers had to move where they could be safest."

Senator Daniel asked: "Do you think General Blanco was lacking in courtesy to you on leaving the island?"

General Lee: "I went with the British consul general. I saw Dr. Congosto. I told Dr. Congosto that I had received instructions to leave the island and go to the United States, and I called to pay my final respects and would like to see General Blanco. He asked me to sit down and said he would go and let him know. He went off and staged about fifteen minutes and said the general raid please excuse him; he was not well, and was lying down. I told Dr. Congosto then to say good-bye to him, and turned around and lett."

Senator Daniel: "here there any demonstrations of ill-will toward you as you left?"

Consul General Lee: "When we were coming out on the steamer Saturday evening, there was some halleaing, cat calling and whistling, and some Spanish expressions, mean cowards, running away, and so on. I think that was confined to the lower order of men, however."

Sigsbee's Convincing Words.

Sigsbee's Convincing Words.

Captain Sigsbee, in command of the Maine at the time of the disaster, was examined on the 31st of March. He repeated his opinion that the Maine was destroyed by a mine either temporary or permanent. He thought it had been a very large mine, but in his opinion, no larger than could be planted near the vessel at any time in broad daylight, and under direct vision with the means available in Havana for that purpose. He thought twelve men, having mutual confidence and preserving secrecy could have planted it and that it could have been done while the ordinary discipline and watchfulness was observed on the ship. A ship moored in the harbor would swing around to a given point where a mine might be exploded. He examined on the 31st of March. He re-

Certain, and When the Fleets Meet

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thought it could have been planted from a scow between decks. There were, he said, a lot of idle army officers in Havana, and while he would not charge them with anything, he thought it not out of place to speak of the possibilities of the case. Captain Sigsbee said he had shown a sketch lavoluter these theories. of the case, Captain Sigsbee said he had shown a sketch involving these theories to Captain Sampson, who had also commended a torpedo station, and had aeked of him if a vessel could drop a mine like the one he had described instantly and that Captain Sampson and other officers had replied that it could and that twelve men could do it. "That," said Captain Sigsbee, "is the real reason I asked to have the Montgomery taken away. If they were going to do anything to blow us up, I wanted to have it done with a smaller vessel."

In reply to a question, Captain Sigs-

nave it done with a smaller vessel."
In reply to a question, Capitain Sigsbee said he thought it possible that the
explosion could have occurred "without
the knowledge of the higher officials."
Continuing, he said that it was a curlous fact that the vessel, had never
swung before in the particular direction
in which it swung on the night of the swing before in the particular direction in which it swing on the night of the explosion, and continuing, he said, "the Maine is lying now in about the position she would have taken to play on the Spanish batteries. Now, if a mine had been planted there, I assume it would have been planted in just that place. If only one had been planted it.

place. If only one had been planted, it would have been just there."

would have been just there."
Asked why he had advised that no war vessels be sent to Havana after the explosion, Captain Sigsbee replied: "In the first place there was a great deal of excitement, and I wanted to work along without men-of-war and to allay the excitement in the city; and in the next place, if there were any more mines, I did not want any more war vessels blown up. Up to that time I had strongly recommended that the "Indiana" be sent there just to show them that the Maine was not the only vessel in the rawy, nor the most powerful. in the cavy, nor the most powerful. After that time I hadn o more confidence in the people. Treachers had been show us, and there was no special care for us; they had not attempted to protect us as we did the Vizceya at New York."

State Board of Health. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WESTON, W. Va., April 14.-The state board of health, which has been state board of health, which has been holding its sessions in the hospital chapel for the last three days adjourned at noon to-day. Twenty-seven applicants were examined for permission to practice medicine in this state. The board found that quite a number of old physicians are practicing in parts of the state without proper certificates. The secretary was instructed to secure their names, and warn them to procure proper certificates. Dr. Snyder, one of the very cempetent hospital physicians, represented the eelectic system of medicine on the board. The board will recommend to the next legislature the cremation of hospital sewerage. The next meeting of the board will be held at Bluefield, in July. Post Office Robbers Arrested.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CLARKSBURG, W. Vn., April 14.— Deputy United States Marshal Law arrested Charles Ransell and brother, and Guy Danley, who were implicated in the postofflee robbery at Sycamore Dale, last Saturduy night. After the robbery, they stole horses, and after reaching this place turned them loose. These parties are supposed to be members of a desperate gang who have committed numerous robberies in this section lately.

Nicholas for Edwards. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CHARLESTON, W. Va., April 14.—

Nicholas county to-day held its convention for the purpose of selecting delegates to the congressional convention. The convention adopted resolutions endorsing the candidacy of Hon. William Seymour Edwards and instructed the delegates to vote for him and use every possible endeavor to secure his nomination. Nicholas easis nine votes.

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The suffering and pain endured by some working women is almost past belief. Here is a letter from one of the multitude of women who have been restored to health and usefulness by Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine:

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel as though your advice had lifted me from the grave. I must have been very near it. I sufconstantly troubled with cold hands and feet, was extremely nervous, could not story and the story and the story are the story a not sleep well, was trou-bled with frightened dreams, had heart trouble and a feeling as though my breath was going to stop, also had leucorrhen. I tried to get help but all remedies failed, until I wrote to you. I cannot thank you enough for your kind advice, and I wish to tell every one the great good your remedies have done me.—TAMMA C. Hoover, Wolfsville, Md. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a quarter of a contury has been helping women to be strong and well.

The following statement from Miss H. Patterson, of 2531

Lawrence St., Philadelphia, Pa., should interest all working women who are troubled with female complaints: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I must write and tell what your medicine has done for me. I am a working girl and have to stay at my work all day. I suffered greatly with bearing-down pains and backache. I was advised by a friend to try your Vegetable Compound. I did so and can say positively I am cured. I have recommended your medicine to all my lady friends, and would advise any of my sex suffering from female weakness to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound a trial, for I knowit will cure."

Mrs. Pinkham invites all women troubled about their health to write to her at Lynn, Mass., and secure her advice free of all charge. All such letters are seen and answered by women only.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills

ANNUAL CONCERT Of Woman's Musical Club was a Flatter

ing Compliment to This Organization.
An Artistic Programme and Splendid The concert given in the Opera House

last evening under the auspices of the Woman's Club, was a success. An audience representative of the culture and refinement of the city was the organization's complimentary encouragement.
Two outside attractions had been brought to the city for the entertainment and they proved the right to be so regarded. Madame Swabacker, the vocal soloist, with her dainty pretty ap-pearance and unusually beautiful voice pearance and unusually beautiful voice exquisitely so in the mezzo voce singing, scored an immense success. Each song was received with the heartlest applause which was only stilled when an encore number was begun. Perfect phrasing and charming ease in singing were evidenced throughout which was begun. Perfect phrasing and charming ease in singing were evidenced throughout every number, but the gem of the evening, if such could be singled out, was "Hush, My Little One," the last song in the graceful group of three. Madame Swabacker three times acknowledged the undiminished and flattering signs of approval of her work of the evening at the ending of this song, and to the regret of a most unusual enthusiastic concert audience, the number remained her last.

Sharing the honors as soloist with Madame Swabacker, Miss Russell McMurphy, of the West Virginia University music department, gave decided evidence of musical ability, and all of her piano interpretations were more than pleasing. Miss McMurphy's selections were chosen with taste and showed to good advantage her touch and technic. The ensemble work was in the keeping of the Choral club, under the direction of Mrs. Flora Williams, and showed her capability and efficiency. The accompanists of the evening were Mrs. Riccardo Ricci and Miss Annie Sage, both sustained well their reputations.

The Chorus was neither seen nor heard in more than half its wonted strength last evening, but the young ladies splendidly carried their parts to a fine culmination. Their clossing song, "The Star Spangled Banner," was received with intense appreciation, the audience following the example of Mr. Henry Hughes, rising, and at the conclusion breaking again into the vociferous applause which greeted the first strain.

A reception complimentary to the sologists and chorus was given after the on-

A reception complimentary to the solo-ists and chorus was given after the con-

cert in the club's rooms in the A. O. U. W. Temple, and all the friends of the association availed themselves of the opportunity to congratulate the management upon the success of the first public concert of the third season.

This morning the principals in last evening's performance will go to Mont de Chantal, by invitation, and a treat is excessed the Sisters and number of the in-

assured the Sisters and pupils of the in

Parkersburg Officials Binfied

Parkersburg Officials Binfled.
Detective McNicholo had a fruities
mission to Parkersburg, the authorities
there having released just previous to
his arrival; W. Stewart, wanted here for
forgery. The action of the Parkersburg
officials is said to be due to a ruse of
Siewart's atorney, who bluffed the authorities by threatening a heavy damage
suit if Stewart wasn't released. They
released Stewart, who then skipped for
parts unknown. THE IRON TRADE.

The iron market gives strong evidence of its accord with the other branches of business, that have been affected by business, that have been affected by the apprehension, that this country will have to go into a war with Spain, says yesterday's issue of the Ohlo Valley Manufacturer. No elump has occurred, nor is demand noticeably inactive, but there is a shade less of urgency, and a disposition to "wait to see what turns up" is becoming apparent. Meantime, furnace, mills and factories are busy filling old contracts, and no interests are menaced with impending injury in the shape of restrained conditions. The latest quotations give \$10.50 for Bessemer and \$15.35 for billets. Featureless House Session

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The session of the house to-day was dull and absolutely devoid of interest. The galeries and the floor were almost deserted. At 5 o'clock the house adjourned.

MRS MARTHA WHITAKER will sing at the National Woman Suffrage Conference on Saturday evening.

NO Chemicals used in Schmulosch Brewing Co's. Bock Heer.

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cure constipation, sick headache and
billousness. Charles R. Goetze, Market
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No. 9—Protected Cruiser "Raleigh."
No. 10—Coast Line Battleship "Massachusetts."
No. 11—Protected Cruiser "Baltimore."

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No. 16-Naval Cadet Practice Cruiser "Bancroft." TERMS OF DISTRIBUTION.

Each of these portfolios as issued (weekly) for one coupon and to cents. Cut out the "Naval Series" Coupon, which you will find in another column of this paper, and send it or bring it to us, with 10 cents and obtain Portfolio No. 2. If sent by mail 2 cents extra.

Portfolio No. 1 of Uncle Sam's Navy can still be had.

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THREE CENT ARTICLES.

Clark's O. N. T. Thread, Ladies' Hand-kerchiefs, Shaving Brushes, 1 Dozen Dreu Buttons, Stamped Dippers, Match Safes, Machine Oil Came, Potato Masher, 1 Dozen Safety Pins, Pertamed Toilet Son, 1 Pair Scissors, Pint Futhers, Jelly Plats, Curry Combs, 1 Dozen Safety Pins, Potato, Slates, Basting Spoons, cent. Tables, Octk Scrows, Harmonicas, Cake Tursen, Mouse Traps, Windsor Tics, Come here for Hargains; we will not disappoint you. FOUR CENT ARTICLES.

One Set Teasfoons, Patent Sleeve Holders, Boys' Suspenders, Children's Bla. Rubber Dressing Combs, Comb and Brus, Case, Pot Covers, Tooth Brushes, Fire Shovels, Towelling, Charm Knives, Musicage, Swing Machino Oli, Serub Brushes, Linen Thread, Hand Saw Files, Suspenders, Penell Boxes, Calleo, Muslins, and luundreds of other articles going at this price. FIVE CENT ARTICLES.

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We are constantly receiving bargain and cannot quote prices, as they are here to-day and gone to-morrow. It is our aim to always have something new at prices that will make you buy.

CLOTHING.

MEN'S SUITS

At \$1.05, \$2.57, \$0.00, \$4.57, \$6.25, \$1.55, \$5.75 to \$12.62. We are leaders in low prices, if you can match these goods for less than double the money anywhere, we invite you return the same and your money will be refunded. These goods must go. MEN'S PANTS

At 45c, 65c, 57c, 95c, \$1.18 up. If you want to know the value of a dollar try to bet-row one: If you want to know how to save a dollar or more look at our Clothing De-partment. BOYS' SUITS

At 58c, 87c, 88c, 51.18, \$1.37 up. Come at once. This sale cannot last always. Yes cannot match the prices.

BOYS' PANTS At 17c, 19c, 29c, 35c. These are bargains and going very fast at present. We have all sizes from 5 to 13 years at these prices.

MEN'S SHOES

At 78c, 87c, \$1.10, \$1.23, \$1.27, \$1.69 to \$2.50 It is just as well to save money on Short as anything clse, and we are away below the market. LADIES' FINE SHOES

At 49c, 97c, \$1.15, \$1.27, \$1.45, \$1.62, \$1.57. CHILDREN'S SHOES At 19c, 25c, 37c, 48c, 62c, 78c, 81d up. All bargains.

MEN'S AND BOYS' HATS

At 19c, 29c, 37c, 48c, 62c up to \$1.3%. MEN'S SHIRTS At 18c, 23c, 33c, 23c up. On Shirts we lead the trade.

NEW STORE,

II45 and II47 Market Street.

E.B.POT

WHEELING, W. VA.